

FIVE CHEMICALS

Are Recommended by the Committee on Fire Department.

THE COST OF ALL ONLY \$2,325

NOT MUCH MORE THAN EACH OF THE TWO NOW IN USE COST THE CITY—THE PROPOSITION IS TO CHANGE HOSE WAGONS INTO CHEMICALS—FOUR TO BE USED AS AUXILIARIES AND THE OTHER IS TO BE LOCATED IN THE EAST END.

The council committee on fire department met last evening at the city clerk's office, with Chairman Harry McClure presiding. The following members were present: Messrs. Baird, Seventh ward; Nesbitt, Fifth ward; Gartley, Sixth ward; Hahne, Eighth ward; Otto, First ward. Mayor Butts and Fire Chief Killeve were also present and aided the committee with their suggestions.

The committee took up the matter of estimate for the current year, and finally decided to add five chemicals to the equipment of the department. This is to be done at a cost astonishingly small, in fact the five will be had at an outlay of only \$2,325, not much more than each of the chemicals now in use here cost the department. This is accomplished by fitting the chemical apparatus to hose reels or wagons. Four of the chemicals are to be auxiliary to the steamers, and will be located at the Eighth ward, Niagara, Atlantic and Vigilant houses. The other is to be located around the hill in the East End, where the committee has long realized that better protection against fire has been desired.

The committee's estimate totals \$39,450, compared with an expenditure of \$35,873 for 1897. There was some fear that the finance committee will scale this estimate, but the need for all the additional equipment provided for is undisputed, and it is understood that the finance committee will be in a position to so arrange matters that the strengthening of the police force, which has been proposed by the police committee, can go through.

The committee went into session at 8 o'clock and did not complete its labors until after 10 o'clock, and to the credit of the members it can be stated that not a minute was wasted. Harry McClure did not even attempt to spring a stale story.

Each item of the estimate was carefully considered. Hay was placed at \$1,500, although the expenditure in 1897 was only \$718, but it was remembered that unusually low prices prevailed in that year, as shown by the hay expenditure in 1896, \$1,400.

The item of new horses was large, because of the two that will be needed at the chemical house in the East End. Then came the fire alarm box item. Mr. Gartley—I want a pair of 'em. Chairman McClure—They cost lots of money.

Mr. Baird—That's right; they are \$125. Chief Killeve said two boxes are needed on the Island and two in the Eighth ward, one of the latter to be placed east of the Baltimore & Ohio tracks in a district that is becoming largely populated. The committee placed six boxes in the estimate, at \$750 for the lot.

Captain Otto called attention to a part of the city that pays its taxes and has never received a cent from the fire committee; the Welfer neighborhood adjoining Fulton. They keep up their roads and sewers and in other commendable ways "mind their business." Chief Killeve said there was an understanding with the municipality of Fulton that this isolated section of Wheeling is to be taken care of by the Fulton firemen except in case of a large fire, and in return for this service the Wheeling department is subject to call from Fulton. This arrangement went into effect during Chief Healy's term of office. Speaking of the fire pressure from the plugs in Fulton, the chief said it is higher than can be had in any part of Wheeling, the water coming straight down from the reservoir, which is nearby.

The item of new hose was discussed at length. At first it was thought \$1,500 would be sufficient, this being the amount in round figures that sufficed last year, but when Captain Otto addressed the committee and explained that at one engine house, the Vigilant, there is not a change of serviceable hose, it was agreed that more hose ought to be provided. Chief Killeve added that there is a need for the hose; Wheeling has been fortunate in escaping from big fires, but one is possible at any time and then the few hundred feet of additional hose might save thousands of dollars worth of property. Captain Otto's motion that \$2,000 be appropriated for hose was passed without opposition.

It was brought out that all the engines excepting Vigilant are provided with heaters, which cost \$150 each. The chief said he could make one as good as these for the Vigilant at a cost of \$50, and that it would largely lengthen the life of the steamer. This was arranged for in the estimate.

Painting was decided to be necessary at the Eighth ward. Eleventh street chemical, Atlantic and Island houses. As one member said, it is better to pay a small painting bill than rebuild engine houses through neglect. The appropriation for painting was placed at \$200.

Under the head of repairs to apparatus, it was found necessary to paint several wagons and the Hook and Ladder truck.

In building repairs, a new roof is provided for at the Atlantic house and the repair of a bulged wall at the Niagara. Chief Killeve asked for shut-off nozzles, and four were recommended for purchase, one for each house. They cost \$50 each. To use them at the Vigilant and Eighth ward, relief valves are necessary and are provided for in the estimate.

At this point, the committee had nearly finished the fixed items of the estimate, and there was a general adding up of columns of figures to see what could be done regarding the new chemicals proposed, and yet keep the estimate within reasonable bounds. Captain Otto spoke in favor of making the present equipment as serviceable as possible before adding to it, though he favored the latter course, too. In the course of the discussion regarding additions to the equipment the committee was unanimous in the opinion that a chemical is needed in the "around the hill" district, the run from the Atlantic being entirely too far for the safety of property in the extreme East End. The committee felt that, as the city already has the ground needed for the house, the apparatus should be had if at all possible. Finally the East End chemical was included in the estimate, at a total cost of \$1,500, including the salaries of three men and a \$1,000 frame house.

Then came the matter of the proposed auxiliary chemicals, and they, too, were provided for in the estimate at the very low figure of \$1,000, the proposition being for Chief Killeve to mount chemical apparatus on hose wagons. There are to be four of these auxiliary chemicals and they will probably be stationed at the Eighth ward, Niagara, Vigilant and Atlantic houses, so that

there is no necessity for additional firemen. The estimate completed is as follows:

Items.	1898.	1897.
Coal	\$1 00	\$1 25
Clover	25 00	25 00
Zinc and vitriol	150 00	111 62
Veterinary and drugs	180 00	113 00
Hay	1,500 00	718 17
Horse hire	50 00	35 00
Hardware	50 00	18 00
New horses	800 00	625 00
Fire alarm boxes (6)	750 00	750 00
Ice	50 00	48 14
Lumber	50 00	41 25
Feed	600 00	202 35
Natural gas (contract)	353 73	353 73
New hose	1,900 00	1,818 64
Cats	400 00	350 73
Oil	40 00	29 28
Plumbing	150 00	85 59
Printing	25 00	25 00
Painting	250 00	200 00
Polish	20 00	21 60
Apparatus repairs	600 00	545 07
Building repairs	1,225 00	1,551 15
Harness repairs	125 00	119 25
Bridge rent	10 00	10 00
Shoeing horses	450 00	451 00
Supplies	300 00	613 10
Soda and acid	75 00	72 43
Salaries, firemen	22,320 00	22,320 00
Salaries, clerk	75 00	75 00
Salaries, chief	1,200 00	1,200 00
Straw	115 00	87 73
Disabled firemen	100 00	104 00
Miscellaneous	200 00	43 34
Shut-off nozzles	250 00	.....
East End chemical	.....	.....
House	\$1,000	
Machine	750	
Salaries	1,100	
Horses	800	
Four auxiliary chemicals	1,600 00	
Other 1897 items	.....	3,024 95
Totals	\$39,450 00	\$35,873 34

REGISTER ECONOMY!

The Erratic Course of the Market Street Sheet Exposed.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—The Register throws aside its false ideas of economy and tells its people whom it deceived last fall into defeating the refunding ordinance, that we ought to have better police protection, an improved fire department, better streets and sewers. It knew then just as well as it does now that these things were needed and could not be had and meet the interest and maturing bonds of the city without doing one of three things: Increase the tax rate, making estimates of receipts greater than the facts would warrant, then make appropriations based upon such falsified amount of revenue, cover these appropriations by issuing orders to be accepted by the receiver to cover a deficit upon which to pay 6 per cent interest, or adopt the refunding ordinance, which it denounced as a political scheme. It knew the increase of taxes would not be acceptable even to its fractional part of the people, trifling as the amount they would pay would be, and while the second proposition has had precedents to justify it, it is not one that recommends itself to fair minded legislation, and would create a floating debt upon which to pay a high rate of interest, increasing the contingent expenses of the city \$1,500 to \$2,000, under all the circumstances, an increase of expenditure thus bringing to naught the competence to the people, who pay the bill.

The Register opposed the ordinance as a political scheme; it was such just because the party in power and projecting it was the opposite to that advocated by the Register, only this and nothing more. Certainly it contemplated no special benefit to our party that would not be enjoyed by another. If any party would be credited with it as a wise measure the projectors would be entitled to that credit and this is what the Register feared. It did not love the city and citizens less but it feared the effect it would have upon its party more.

If the ordinance had passed, there would not now be any fear of an increase of taxes nor of an issue of outstanding orders to cover a deficit in the revenues of the city. Bonds of the city have been sold at second hand, at a premium of 11 per cent, at a time when money was not so plenty as it is to-day. It is true the bonds referred to, pay 6 per cent interest, but at the price 4 per cent bonds of other cities have sold within the last six months. It is within bounds to say the \$412,500 contemplated to be issued at January 1, 1898, would have realized at least \$40,000, and instead of paying out \$65,554 74 principal and interest in the year 1898, we would pay less than \$25,000 principal and interest. The same party that projected the refunding ordinance could and no doubt would have reduced the taxes, by ten cents on the \$100 without exhausting the entire premium.

I will close by quoting from a correspondent of the Register under date November 22, 1897.

"Mark the prediction, the appropriations already made for this year will never be realized from receipts and the result will be more outstanding orders after the 1st of January. Another twelve months of Reform." APPROPRIATIONS NOT REALIZED? Read the report, "AUNTIE" and see if they were not more than realized.

A. H. FORGEY.

Wheeling, March 21.

A NOTABLE OCCASION.

Mrs. Rebecca Cope will celebrate her nineteenth birthday at her home at Smithfield, Jefferson county, next Tuesday. "Grandmother" Cope has sixteen great grand children and one great great grand child, the latter the son of David Worthington, of Brilliant. Mrs. Cope was born at Colerain, Belmont county, and was married at the age of seventeen years. Her husband, Joseph Cope, died seventeen years ago.

Two daughters and four sons are living, five of the children residing at Smithfield and one at Topeka, Kansas. Five generations will be represented at the anniversary. Mrs. J. M. Henderson, a grand daughter, and her son, of Martin's Ferry, go to Springfield this week to be present. Mr. Henderson and Miss Jennie Milhous will go later.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is not a patent medicine; it is not a sarsaparilla; it is not a tonic; it is not a nerve; it is as much better than all these as a diamond is better than cut glass. It is the

Best Spring Medicine

In the world. It cures. We have it.

GET THE GENUINE AT GOETZ'S DRUG STORE, Corner Market and Twelfth Sts.

RAM'S HORN BLASTS

On Mankind's Foibles by Trumpeter Elijah P. Brown.

"IN THE SPECTACLE BUSINESS"

WAS THE THEME OF AN ENTERTAINING LECTURE AT NORTH STREET M. E. CHURCH LAST NIGHT—HOW PEOPLE SEE AND HOW THEY SHOULD SEE. AMUSING ILLUSTRATIONS OF HUMAN FRAILTIES—HUSBANDS ARE GIVEN ADVICE.

A fair-sized audience heard the lecture, "In the Spectacle Business," delivered by Elijah P. Brown, the "Ram's Horn Man," at the North street M. E. church, last night. It was full of the brilliant writers scintillating flashes of humor, and was in the main an argument for people to see things in the true light. A distinct line of thought was not apparent, Dr. Brown depending more on showing up mankind's whims and foibles under a humorous and kindly lens, and was entertaining throughout. But the speaker's characteristic random shots were on the order of a talk, rather than a lecture.

Dr. Brown began by saying that a few years ago trouble with his eyes compelled him to consult an oculist, and he was armed with spectacles he now wore. While the oculist's rooms were watching the other patients come and go, he fell to musing on vision, physical and spiritual. Hence, has come after further consideration, "In the Spectacle Business."

In illustration of the effect of objects on the eye, he recalled an experience when he lived in Cincinnati, at the time the city's famous music hall was completed. He had consented to escort a rural friend of his through the exposition, and he eagerly awaited the climax when the farmer should first cast his eyes on the music hall. Dr. Brown led his friend to the balcony, and watched his friend gaze on the sublime structure. The farmer stood transfixed to the spot and as his eyes took in the beauty of the architecture and decorations, words failed him for some moments, but when his breath returned, with his eyes still fixed to the music hall, he blurted out: "Great Scott; what a big barn that ud make!"

Dr. Brown further said that the Japanese have a proverb, that "some people have eyes; others have spots on their faces." He then spoke on how some people could see things on the surface, others things through them. Some people are color blind, and some can't look through prejudice, an example of the latter class being the westerner, a great silverite, who refused to send his children to a Sunday school because they had to listen to the golden text. Then there are people whose vision is such that they argue that the Bible contradicts itself. The reason many people see things wrong is because their eyes are wrong. Their vision needs the attention of an oculist.

A man seeing the ocean for the first time can see poetry in it. It has the soul of a poet, and it will sing to him if he has music in his soul. Speaking of the ocean reminded the speaker of "Bob" Ingersoll's story of the rural couple at the seashore for the first time. The wife was awe-stricken, and remarked "that the ocean was beautiful!" Her husband, with a lazy stare at the rolling waves, said, "Maria, I'll bet a feller could dig clams there."

Then there are people who see through the eyes of other folks. They're like the little girl speaking of her age: "Well, I'm ten years old when I'm at home, but I'm five when I travel on the cars." In this class are the men who are Republicans until they hear a Democratic orator, later turning prohibitionist until a Populist newspaper falls into their hands and so on, always being inclined to be in the popular drift. One day these people's glasses are too young, another day too old. They will enthrone over the world one day and say it's going to smash the next time you meet them. They have no independent thought; try to be all men in all things, have no more backbone than a tape line, and are like the candidate, addressing his audience, "If then sentiments don't suit you, fellow citizens, they can be changed to suit."

Name a book or a great man, and these people have read the book or knew the man. They assume to know more than a college professor, and reminded the speaker of the colored man who claimed to have been Washington's body servant. He was asked if he had been with Washington at Valley Forge, and replied: "Yes, sah, yes, sah; I done blowed the bellows while he learned of the forge." This kind of people like preaching that knocked splinters off the next pew, but got mad if the preacher said, "Thou art the man."

The speaker said it cheered him considerably the other day in Marion, O., to notice a business sign, which read: "No objection to cloudy weather." He liked these cheery people, and praised the woman who only had two teeth, but consoled herself by saying "that thank God, they matched." The bright side is always God's side. Dr. Brown told very touchingly of a lady giving a half-frozen newsboy a present, and asking him if he was cold. "No," said the newsboy, "not since you smiled."

The man who looks through everything by a money lens, in heaven would never see anything but the golden paving on the streets. Such people remind the speaker of an old skin-flint who had worked three wives to death, and was trying to get more hogs, to buy more hogs, to buy more hogs, etc. This old farmer once boarded an artist who painted a picture of his spotted calf, and sold it to the village doctor for a hundred dollars. This fact almost paralyzed the old farmer when he learned of it, and he hunted up the doctor, and told him he was a fool to pay so much for the picture, as he would have sold him the calf for two dollars. There isn't a poor man who would be willing to do the miser's work, for what the miser gets out of it.

Fault finding grows out of nearsightedness. The man who sews and grows about the meals at home, keeps quiet at hotels for fear of being thrown out if he criticized the menu. Fault finders can be made into angels if forced to do their own cooking, was a suggestion thrown out to the women of the audience, and Dr. Brown paid woman an eloquent tribute. He advised men to treat their wives like angels if they wanted them to be like angels. Some men give one the impression that they didn't marry either for love or money, but to get servants. These men worry their wives to death, then write loving epigrams on their wives' tombs. Many women would rather their husbands would give them money now than expend it for funeral caskets and flowers for their graves.

But, said Mr. Brown, nearsightedness is not confined to men. Women suffer from it. They can't all tell the difference between a man and a dude. They don't always make home as bright as possible; they should let their light shine out in the family circle more; in society less. Other women lose all interest in their appearance after they are married. Women are near sighted who think an old blue wrapper, a frousy head, are good enough for John when he comes home for dinner. If she wants John to love her she must look as neat as possible. She must also continue to tickle his palate with good things; it

A LIFE SAVED.

The Opinion of a Clergyman who was Saved From The Horrors of Partial Paralysis.

Saved by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

No class of men have the public good so disinterestedly at heart as clergymen; and none work harder or consume the vital fires of life more rapidly. Their intense earnestness in whatever they undertake tempts them constantly to go beyond their strength; and many are the sufferers who have gone down to an early grave from overwork and lack of attention to the physical demands of nature. Rev. H. D. Lehman, pastor U. B. church, Roylton, Pa., after laboring for years in the care of his people, was overtaken with a very serious nervous affection; which threatened to terminate fatally, but which was finally conquered by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Mr. Lehman says: "In September, 1895, I

was stricken with semi-paralysis, and the whole left side of my body was entirely helpless and comparatively dead. In a few weeks I had partially recovered and returned to my pastoral duties, but I was not strong enough for the work. Excessive nervousness and general debility were the natural result of this indiscretion, and I soon found myself a wreck. My physician said I would not recover, but in spite of his prophecy I rallied, but for months I hovered very close to the grave. The usual remedies failed to relieve me, and I did nothing but live and suffer. Finally a friend recommended Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and I began its use with a result so assured and satisfactory that I am convinced there is no remedy to equal it for nervous troubles. One feature of

my suffering was inability to control the muscles of my face and tongue, and frequent twitchings would distort my countenance. After taking Dr. Miles' Nervine I began to recover my lost strength and in a few weeks I was again able to resume my charge. I shall always recommend that great remedy to those afflicted as I was."

A Positive Guarantee.

You run no risk in giving Dr. Miles' Nervine a trial. If the first bottle fails to benefit you, take the empty bottle to your druggist and get your money back. All druggists are authorized to sell the first bottle with that understanding. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves sent free. Address, Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

doesn't do to feed him with old biscuits and cookies that do to pave the streets with.

In his closing remarks, Dr. Brown urged all to pick the motes out of their own eyes; not to look through a dark glass, but to see things with the ideal Christian spirit.

MARTIN'S FERRY.

Haps and Mishaps in the Thriving City Across the River.

Harry Joy expected to reach Dyea, Alaska, last Friday week. The last letter from him was dated Vancouver and he said that was the last of civilization. He remained at Seattle only four days.

In the case of Dr. J. B. Webster, of Flushing, against John Porter, for a bill of \$300, which has been in the courts for the past seven years, the jury returned a verdict in favor of Porter.

A warrant was sworn out yesterday by Walter Cline against Policeman Newton Talbert, charging him with assault and battery. The case will be heard at 9 a. m. to-morrow.

Miss Hattie Noble, sister of Mr. W. Lawrence Noble, of Martin's Ferry, died at her home at Claysville, Pa., yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Noble have been at her bedside several days.

A number of stereopticon views to be used by Rev. S. J. Bogle in his lecture on "Cuba" at the Opera House this evening were tried last evening and show up splendidly.

One hundred and forty dollars was realized at "The Haunted Mill," played at the Opera House by St. Mary's Literary society. The money will go to the church.

Yesterday a check was received from the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, for \$32,352.55, insurance on the life of Thomas Mears.

Miss Mary Sedgwick will entertain the Glee Club to-night.

OUR piano movers have been with us for nearly sixteen years. They know how to move a piano without injuring it. Our price is no higher than others. Let us move your piano.

F. W. BAUMER CO., 1310 Market Street.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is the remedy. Sold by R. H. List, Druggist, Wheeling, W. Va.

GROUP instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

The Successful Remedy for NASAL CATARRH

must be non-irritating, easy of application, and one that will by its own action reach the inflamed and diseased surfaces.

ELY'S CREAM BALM combines the important requisites of quick action and specific curative powers with perfect safety to the patient. This agreeable remedy has mastered catarrh as nothing else has, and both physicians and patients freely concede this fact. All druggists cheerfully acknowledge that in the acme of Pharmaceutical skill has been reached. The most distressing symptoms quickly yield to it. In acute cases the Balm imparts almost instant relief.

By Absorption.

Catarrhal sufferers should remember that Ely's Cream Balm is the only catarrh remedy which is quickly and thoroughly absorbed by the diseased membrane. It does not dry up the secretions, but changes them to a limpid and odorless condition, and finally to a natural and healthy character.

The Balm can be found at any drug store, or by sending 50 cents to Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York, it will be mailed.

Full directions with each package. Cream Balm opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays inflammation, thereby stopping pain in the head, heals and protects the membrane and restores the senses of taste and smell. The Balm is applied directly into the nostrils.



Beauty a Utility.

Diamonds are something more than ornaments—they are investments whose value never changes. Buying a good Diamond is putting money aside for a rainy day. Buying Diamonds and other gems from us means absolute surety. You know precisely what you have bought and that it's worth every cent you paid for it.

John Becker & Co., JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS, 3527 Jacob Street.

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NEW GOODS DAILY!



PARASOL OPENING THIS MORNING.

Confined styles in all the new designs. An early selection insures the choice.

Our Dress Goods

Department is replete with everything that is New and Desirable.

THE SUCCESS OF OUR SUIT DEPARTMENT.....

Is beyond question. The expressions and business of the past week proving it.

Fashion predicts that WHITE PIQUE SHIRT WAISTS are correct. We have them.

Geo. R. Taylor Co

CARPETS—FREWS.

CARPETS.

A Large Stock of Choice Patterns of All Grades of Carpets.

In your spring buying make the quality the uppermost feature. Buy good goods. The right goods at the right prices is what has given our store its prestige. The superior styles enables us to offer you a spring stock of unusual merit—one that from a quality and price standpoint will merit your hearty endorsement. All are invited to inspect our stock, whether you wish to purchase or not.

Frew's Furniture and Carpet Store,

1208 MAIN STREET.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Fatigue or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Total Brain Mental Weakness, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box. Send for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Will S. Dickson's McClure House Pharmacy.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR REMOVAL OF GARBAGE. Public Building, City Clerk's Office, WHEELING, W. Va., March 15, 1898.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the city clerk until Wednesday, March 23, 1898, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the removal of all kitchen garbage and solid refuse within the limits of the city of Wheeling, for the twenty-four months commencing on the first day of May, 1898, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1900. Proposals to be addressed to the Chairman of the Committee on Health, and marked on the envelope "Proposals for Removal of Garbage," with the name of bidder thereon. Bond being required, the bidder will state the names of bondsmen whom he offers. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

C. H. WATKINS, City Clerk.